

AMERICAN LEGION BOYS NATION

BILL SUMMARY

Note: This form must be completed and accompany all Bills submitted for consideration by The American Legion Boys Nation Senate.

DELEGATE NAME: Jared DiNicolantonio

DELEGATE STATE: New York

NAME OF BILL: Border Defense and Citizenship Act

BRIEF SUMMARY OF BILL: To increase the security of the Mexican-American border while providing strategic, efficient and humanitarian solutions to the illegal immigration issues of the United States.

To Be Completed By
The Clerk Of The Senate

BILL NO.

SB-17

AMERICAN LEGION BOYS NATION SENATE

IN THE SENATE OF AMERICAN LEGION BOYS NATION

Senator **Jared DiNicolantonio** of **New York** introduced the following Bill, which was read twice and referred to the following American Legion Boys Nation Senate Committee:

a Bill

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE AMERICAN LEGION BOYS NATION SENATE ASSEMBLED, THAT
2 there is an increase in security along the Mexican-American border (MAB). This weak border is
3 a national security issue, which provides easy access for assailants into the U.S. Also, let it be
4 enacted that illegal immigrants already in the U.S. be given the opportunity for citizenship. The
5 U.S. government does not have the will nor man power to deport all or even the majority of
6 illegal immigrants. If an illegal immigrant can pass a citizenship test in English, then said
7 person would become a legal U.S. citizen. This bill would accomplish the goals of
8 strengthening the security of the MAB and effectively handling the issue of illegal immigrants in
9 the U.S.

10

11 Section 1:

12 Currently there are approximately 20,745 border patrol agents serving along the MAB. To
13 make the border more secure, man power along the MAB should be doubled, enlisting 20,745
14 of the current 894,921 active duty military personnel in the Continental U.S. to be relocated to
15 Southern Border States. No new taxes would be required. This would greatly increase
16 security of the border, preventing illegal immigrants and terrorists from crossing U.S. border.

17 There are approximately 11 million illegal immigrants in the U.S. of which 6.5 million are
18 Mexican immigrants. Deportation of 11 million people is not a feasible or logical solution. This
19 bill proposes that if an illegal immigrant who resides in the U.S. passes a background check
20 and citizenship test in English, then he shall become a U.S. citizen. If an illegal immigrant
21 attempts the test and fails, he may have 1 year to study, retake and pass the test or face
22 deportation. If there is a family unit of illegal immigrants established inside the U.S., and one
23 person in said family passes all requirements, the family will be granted amnesty for 2 years.

24 All family members' ages 18-60 years will have to pass all requirements within the 2 year
25 amnesty period. Those younger than 18 or older than 60 years may remain in the U.S., if they
26 have an immediate family member, who can provide care for them. This stipulation only
27 applies to those in the U.S. before the bill was enacted. Any illegal immigrant who chooses not
28 to take the citizenship test would be deported when identified. This bill would allow hard
29 working people to become American citizens and contribute to American society, while also
30 providing a taxable wage base to the U.S. economy.

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32 Section 2- Department/Responsibility: The Department of Homeland Security -border defense;
33 The Department of Immigration- legalization opportunities for illegal immigrants; The
34 Department of Defense -relocation of 20,745 active duty military personnel to the MAB. The
35 U.S. Senate - reevaluation of the amount of reinforcement needed for security purposes at the
36 MAB every 2 years.

37

38 Section 3: No new taxes would be required to fund the additional security placed at the MAB.
39 \$5,000,000 of the Citizenship and Integration Grant program shall be reallocated to fund the
40 expenses for the administration of the citizenship test and the legalization opportunities for
41 illegal immigrants. This can be readjusted by the Senate every 2 years.

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43 Section 4: The legislation would take place one year after the passage of the bill to allot time to
44 mobilize the new border protection forces and to allow immigration offices to prepare for
45 administration of the citizenship test at mass.