Resource guide: Entering skilled trades and elevator work as a veteran

Why skilled trades?

Skilled trades are recession-resilient, in-demand, and offer high income potential without a traditional four-year degree. For veterans, they also provide:

- Tangible results and mission-focused work
- Transferable military skills (logistics, repair, systems knowledge)
- Opportunities for apprenticeships and licensure funded through the GI Bill or SkillBridge

Pathway to becoming an elevator technician

What elevator mechanics do: Elevator mechanics install, maintain, and repair elevators, escalators, chairlifts, and similar machinery. It's a high-stakes role due to safety regulations, and it offers top-tier compensation due to its niche technical expertise.

Typical career path

- 1. Pre-apprenticeship or introductory courses
 - Basic electrical, mechanical and math skills are essential.
 - Start with vocational high school programs or community college technical training.

2. Apprenticeship (4–5 years)

- Most states require apprenticeships registered with state licensing boards or unions.
- The International Union of Elevator Constructors is a primary resource and industry standard. Local chapters sponsor apprenticeships, offering paid, hands-on experience with classroom instruction.

3. Licensing and certification

- After 4-5 Years and varying OTJ hours apprentices can test for their Mechanics License.
- OSHA 10/30, CPR and electrical safety certifications are often offered and/or required.

4. Business ownership

 After 10-plus years of field experience, some mechanics launch their own maintenance and installation companies like Mack Brothers Elevator.

Associations and resources

- IUEC
- National Elevator Industry Educational Program
- National Association of Elevator Contractors

Other popular trade career paths for veterans

Trade	Average Salary	Certification Needed?	VA-Approved?
HVAC Tech	\$50,000-\$80,000	EPA + local licenses	✓
Electrician	\$55,000-\$100,000	Journeyman/Master	√
Welder	\$45,000–\$90,000	AWS Certification	✓
General contractor	\$60,000+	Business license + exams	✓
Plumbing	\$50,000–\$95,000	Journeyman/Master	✓

Electricians

• **Path**: Apprenticeship → Journeyman → Master Electrician

• Certifications: NEC code knowledge, state licenses

Associations: IEC and NECA

HVAC technicians

• Path: Trade school or apprenticeship → EPA 608 Certification → Licensing

Certifications: NATE and HVAC Excellence

Associations: ACCA and RSES

Plumbers and pipefitters

• Path: Apprenticeship (through UA locals) → Licensing by state

• **Certifications:** Journeyman → Master Plumber

• Associations: UA - United Association

Welders

• **Path:** Trade school or apprenticeship → AWS certification

• **Certifications:** AWS D1.1 and more, depending on specialty

Associations: American Welding Society

Other trade training and support resources

Veteran-focused programs

- Helmets to hardhats: Connects veterans to union construction careers.
- SkillBridge: Allows active-duty members to intern in skilled trades.
- **Home Builders Institute**: Offers veteran-specific training in plumbing, carpentry and electrical.

Incubators and mentorship

- Veterans in Piping: Pre-apprenticeship programs for transitioning servicemembers.
- Vets2Techs: Veterans interested oil and propane industry companies.

Certifying bodies

- National Elevator Industry Educational Program
- National Association of Elevator Contractors
- Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA): 10/30-hour safety certifications often required.

Niche tips for intermediate trades entrepreneurs

- Bid strategy: Learn local procurement codes and MBE/VOSB certifications.
- **Workforce development**: Build pipelines by partnering with local high schools or vet organizations.
- Liability insurance: Required in most trades; plan early.
- **Inventory control**: Fabrication-based trades benefit from ERP or custom tracking systems.

Compliance audits: Set reminders for OSHA/safety updates and state inspections.					